## IN THE CLAIMS

Claims 1-23 (Canceled).

- 24. (Withdrawn) A magnetic recording disk, comprising:
  - a data zone to store data, the data zone having a discrete track recording pattern;
  - a CSS zone having a plurality of laser texture bumps; and
- a transition zone having a planar surface relative to the discrete track recording pattern of the data zone.
- 25. (Withdrawn) The magnetic recording disk of claim 24, wherein the data zone comprises a discrete bit recording pattern.
- 26. (Withdrawn) The magnetic recording disk of claim 24, wherein the planar surface of the transition zone is substantially smooth relative to the plurality of laser texture bumps of the CSS zone.
- 27. (Withdrawn) The magnetic recording disk of claim 24, wherein the planar surface has a texture.
- 28. (Withdrawn) The magnetic recording disk of claim 24, wherein the planar surface of the transition zone has a texture produced through the deposition of a plurality of layers of the disk above a textured layer.

- 29. (Withdrawn) The magnetic recording disk of claim 28, wherein the textured layer is a textured substrate.
- 30. (Withdrawn) The magnetic recording disk of claim 29, wherein the textured layer is a textured NiP layer.
- 31. (Original) A magnetic recording disk, comprising:

a first zone to store data;

a second zone adjacent to the first zone, the second zone having a surface to increase a fly height of a head greater than when the head is operating over the first zone; and

a third zone adjacent to the second zone in which to park the head thereabove.

- 32. (Withdrawn) The magnetic recording disk of claim 31, wherein the third zone is a contact-start-stop zone.
- 33. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 31, wherein the third zone is a load/unload zone.
- 34. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 31, wherein the first zone comprises a discrete track recording (DTR) pattern.

- 35. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 34, wherein the second zone has a planar surface relative to the DTR patterned surface of the first zone.
- 36. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 35, wherein the planar surface of the second zone is substantially smooth.
- 37. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 35, wherein the planar surface has a texture.
- 38. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 35, wherein the planar surface of the transition zone has a texture produced through the deposition of a plurality of layers of the disk above a textured layer.
- 40. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 38, wherein the textured layer is a textured substrate.
- 41. (Original) The magnetic recording disk of claim 38, wherein the textured layer is textured NiP layer.
- 42. (Original) A magnetic recording disk, comprising: a first zone to store data;

a second zone adjacent to the first zone, the second zone comprising means to increase a fly height of a head greater than when the head is operating over the first zone; and

a third zone adjacent to the second zone in which to park the head thereabove.

43. (Original) A disk drive, comprising:

a slider comprising a Hall effect head or a head having a magneto-resistance read element; and

a magnetic recording disk comprising:

a first zone to store data;

a second zone adjacent to the first zone, the second zone having a surface to increase a fly height of the slider greater than when the slider is operated over the first zone; and

a third zone adjacent to the second zone in which to park the slider thereabove.

- 44. (Withdrawn) The disk drive of claim 43, wherein the third zone is a contact-start-stop zone.
- 45. (Original) The disk drive of claim 43, wherein the third zone is a load/unload zone and wherein the slider is coupled to a suspension arm, the suspension arm configured to park the slider above the load/unload zone when the slider resides on a ramp.

- 46. (Original) The disk drive of claim 43, wherein the first zone comprises a discrete track recording pattern.
- 47. (Original) The disk drive of claim 46, wherein the second zone has a planar surface relative to the discrete track recording pattern of the first zone.
- 48. (Withdrawn) The disk drive of claim 43, wherein the third zone is a CSS zone.
- 49. (Withdrawn) The disk drive of claim 48, wherein the CSS zone has a plurality of laser induced bumps.
- 50. (Withdrawn) The disk drive of claim 49, wherein the planar surface of the second zone is substantially smooth relative to the plurality of laser texture bumps of the CSS zone.
- 51. (Withdrawn) The disk drive of claim 49, wherein the planar surface has a texture.
- 52. (Original) The disk drive of claim 47, wherein the planar surface of the second zone has a texture produced through the deposition of a plurality of layers of the disk above a textured layer.

- 53. (Original) The disk drive of claim 52, wherein the textured layer is a textured substrate.
- 54. (Original) The disk drive of claim 52, wherein the textured layer is a textured NiP layer.
- 55. (Withdrawn) The disk drive of claim 43, wherein the slider comprises at least one protrusion on the slider to reduce stiction between the slider and the third zone.
- 56. (Original) The disk drive of claim 43, wherein the slider further comprises a body having a first width and an air bearing having a second width, wherein the second zone has a third width being wider than the second width of the air bearing and narrower than the first width of the slider body.
- 57. (Original) The disk drive of claim 43, wherein the head has a giant magnetoresistance read element.
- 58. (Original) A load/unload disk drive, comprising:

a slider comprising a Hall effect head or a head having a magneto-resistance read element;

a ramp; and

a magnetic recording disk, wherein the ramp is disposed above a first portion of the magnetic recording disk, and wherein the magnetic recording disk comprises: a data zone having a discrete track recording pattern; and

a load/unload zone adjacent to the data zone, wherein the load/unload zone includes the first portion residing beneath the ramp and a second portion extending beyond the ramp, the second portion of the load/unload zone having a surface to increase a fly height of a slider greater than when the slider is operating over the data zone.

- 59. (Original) The load/unload disk drive of claim 58, wherein the second portion of the load/unload zone has a planar surface relative to the discrete track recording pattern of the data zone.
- 60. (Original) The load/unload disk drive of claim 59, wherein the planar surface of the load/unload zone is substantially smooth.
- 61. (Original) The load/unload disk drive of claim 59, wherein the planar surface has a texture.
- 62. (Original) The load/unload disk drive of claim 59, wherein the planar surface of the load/unload zone has a texture produced through the deposition of a plurality of layers of the magnetic recording disk above a textured layer.
- 63. (Original) The load/unload disk drive of claim 62, wherein the textured layer is a textured substrate.

64. (Original) The load/unload disk drive of claim 62, wherein the textured layer is a textured NiP layer.